

TFT LCD Approval Specification MODEL NO.: N154I2-L02

Customer :	
Approved by :	
Note :	

Liquid Crystal	Display Division
QRA Division.	OA Head Division.
Approval	Approval
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Approval

REVISION HISTORY

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver 0.0	Nov.11, 2005	All	All	Tentative specification first issued.
Ver 0.1	Jan, 03 2006	4	1.5	Weight reduce from 600g to 540g
		6	2.2.2	Lamp current: Typ./6.0mA, Max./6.5mA
		7	3.1	Power Supply Current reduce
		9	3.2	BACKLIGHT UNIT Lamp Current: Typ./6.0mA, Max./6.5mA
		19	7.2	OPTICAL SPCIFICATION, Luminance definition revise
Ver 2.0	Feb.14, 2006	9	3.2	Backlight Unit
		14	5.5	EDID Data
		20	7.2	Optical Specifications
		27	10.2	Carton label



1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

1.1 OVERVIEW

N154I2-L02 is a 15.4" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with single CCFL Backlight unit and 30 pins LVDS interface. This module supports 1280 x 800 Wide-XGA mode and can display 262,144 colors. The optimum viewing angle is at 6 o'clock direction. The inverter module for Backlight is not built in.

1.2 FEATURES

- Thin and light weight
- WXGA (1280 x 800 pixels) resolution
- 3.3V LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) interface with 1 pixel/clock

1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD Notebook

1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	331.2 (H) x 207.0 (V) (15.4" diagonal)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	335.0 (H) x 210.7 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	1280 x R.G.B. x 800	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch	0.2588 (H) x 0.2588 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	262,144	color	-
Transmissive Mode	Normally white	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hard coating (3H), Glare	-	-

1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

I	Item		Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
	Horizontal(H)	343.5	344.0	344.5	mm	
Module Size	Vertical(V)	221.5	222.0	222.5	mm	(1)
	Depth(D)	-	6.2	6.5	mm	
Weight		-	540	560	g	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

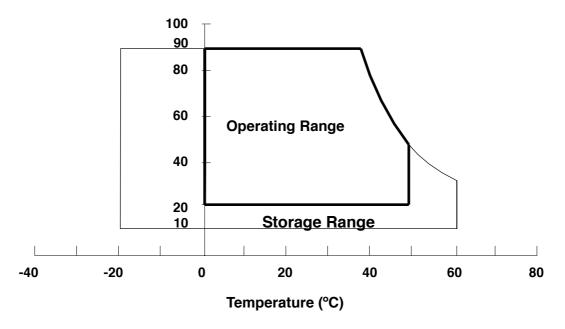
Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note	
lien	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Onit	NOLE
Storage Temperature	T _{ST}	-20	+60	°C	(1)
Operating Ambient Temperature	T _{OP}	0	+50	°C	(1), (2)
Shock (Non-Operating)	S _{NOP}	-	220G/2ms	G/ms	(3), (5)
Vibration (Non-Operating)	V _{NOP}	-	1.5	G	(4), (5)

Note (1) (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta <= 40 °C).

(b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).

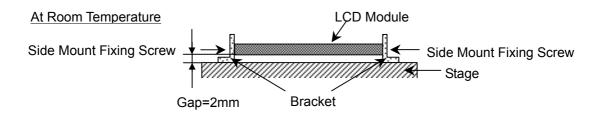
(c) No condensation.

Note (2) The temperature of panel surface should be 0 °C min. and 50 °C max.



Relative Humidity (%RH)

- Note (3) 1 time for ± X, ± Y, ± Z. for Condition (220G / 2ms) is half Sine Wave,.
- Note (4) 10~200 Hz, 0.5hr/cycle 1cycle for X,Y,Z
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture. The fixing condition is shown as below:





2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Onit	Note	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	-0.3	+4.0	V	(1)	
Logic Input Voltage	V _{IN}	-0.3	Vcc+0.3	V	(1)	

2.2.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Item	Symbol	Value		Unit	Note
nem	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Unit	Note
Lamp Voltage	VL	-	2.5K	V _{RMS}	(1), (2), I _L = 6.0 mA
Lamp Current	١ _L	-	6.5	mA _{RMS}	(1) (2)
Lamp Frequency	FL	-	80	KHz	(1), (2)

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation

should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

Note (2) Specified values are for lamp (Refer to Section 3.2 for further information).



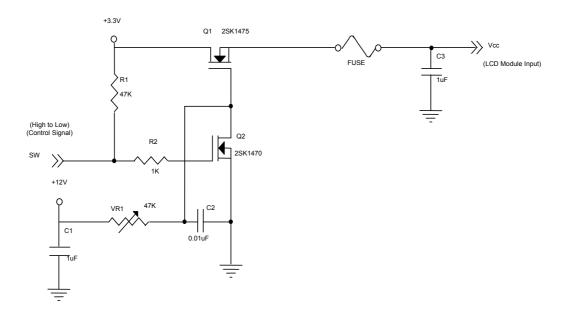
3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

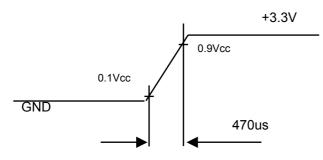
TFT LCD MODULE						Ta = 25 ± 2 °C	
Parameter		Symbol	Sumbol Value			Unit	Note
Farameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Onic	NOLE	
Power Supply Voltage	Power Supply Voltage			3.3	3.6	V	-
Ripple Voltage	V _{RP}	-	-	100	mV	-	
Rush Current		I _{RUSH}	-	-	1.5	Α	(2)
Device Supply Surrent	White	100	-	240		mA	(3)a
Power Supply Current	Black	lcc	-	330		mA	(3)b
Differential Input Voltage for	"H" Level	VIH	-	-	+100	mV	-
LVDS Receiver Threshold "L" Level		V _{IL}	-100	-	-	mV	-
Terminating Resistor	R _T	-	100	-	Ohm	-	
Power per EBL WG	P _{EBL}	-	3.0	-	W	(4)	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



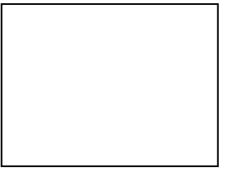
Vcc rising time is 470us





Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 3.3 V, Ta = 25 ± 2 °C, DC Current and $f_v = 60$ Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.

a. White Pattern



Active Area

b. Black Pattern





- Note (4) The specified power are the sum of LCD panel electronics input power and the inverter input power. Test conditions are as follows.
 - (a) Vcc = 3.3 V, Ta = $25 \pm 2 \,^{\circ}$ C, f_v = 60 Hz,
 - (b) The pattern used is a black and white 32 x 36 checkerboard, slide #100 from the VESA file "Flat Panel Display Monitor Setup Patterns", FPDMSU.ppt.
 - (c) Luminance: 60 nits.
 - (d) The inverter used is provided from O2Micro(www.o2micro.com). Please contact O2Micro for detail information. CMO don't provide the inverter in this product.

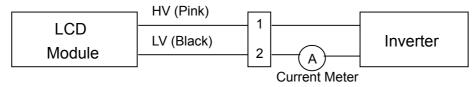


3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Ta = 2	25 ±	2 '	ъС
--------	------	-----	----

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Falametei	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	NOLE
Lamp Input Voltage	VL	630	700	770	V _{RMS}	I _L = 6.0 mA
Lamp Current	L	2.0	(6.0)	(7.0)	mA _{RMS}	(1),(2)
Lamp Current	۱Ľ	3.0	(0.0)	(7.0)		(1),(3)
Lamp Turn On Voltage	Vs	-	-	1140(25 °C)	V _{RMS}	(4)
Lamp rum on voltage	vs	-	-	1580(0 °C)	V _{RMS}	(4)
Operating Frequency	FL	40	-	80	KHz	(5)
Lamp Life Time	L _{BL}	12,000	-	-	Hrs	(7)
Power Consumption	PL	-	4.2	-	W	(6), I _L = 6.0 mA

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing a high frequency current meter as shown below:



Note (2) for burst mode inverter design

Note (3) for continuous mode inverter design

- Note (4) The voltage shown above should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- Note (5) The lamp frequency may generate interference with horizontal synchronous frequency from the display, and this may cause line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.

Note (6) $P_L = I_L \times V_L$

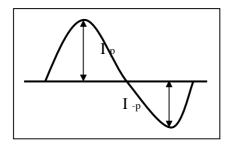
- Note (7) The lifetime of lamp is defined as the time when it continues to operate under the conditions at Ta = 25 $\pm 2^{\circ}$ C and I_L = 6.0 mA_{RMS} until one of the following events occurs:
 - (a) When the brightness becomes $\leq 50\%$ of its original value.
 - (b) When the effective ignition length becomes ≤ 80% of its original value. (Effective ignition length is defined as an area that the brightness is less than 70% compared to the center point.)
- Note (8) The waveform of the voltage output of inverter must be area-symmetric and the design of the inverter must have specifications for the modularized lamp. The performance of the Backlight, such as lifetime or brightness, is greatly influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. All the parameters of an inverter should be carefully designed to avoid generating too much current leakage from high voltage output of the inverter. When designing or ordering the inverter please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the Backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occurs. If the above situation is confirmed, the module should be operated in the same manners when it is installed in your instrument.



The output of the inverter must have symmetrical (negative and positive) voltage waveform and symmetrical current waveform.(Unsymmetrical ratio is less than 10%) Please do not use the inverter, which has unsymmetrical voltage and unsymmetrical current and spike wave. Lamp frequency may produce interface with horizontal synchronous frequency and as a result this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be as away possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from its harmonics in order to prevent interference.

Requirements for a system inverter design, which is intended to have a better display performance, a better power efficiency and a more reliable lamp. It shall help increase the lamp lifetime and reduce its leakage current.

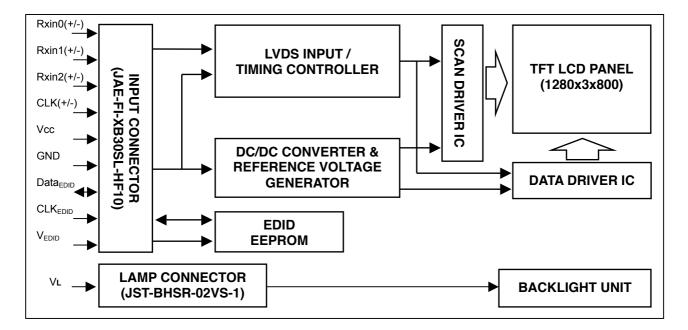
- a. The asymmetry rate of the inverter waveform should be 10% below;
- b. The distortion rate of the waveform should be within $\sqrt{2} \pm 10\%$;
- c. The ideal sine wave form shall be symmetric in positive and negative polarities.



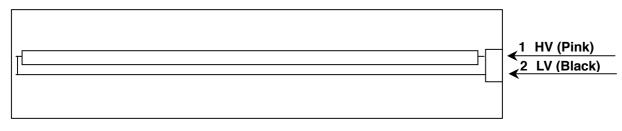


4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

4.1 TFT LCD MODULE



4.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT





5. INPUT TERMINAL PIN ASSIGNMENT

5.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Pin	Symbol	Description	Polarity	Remark
1	Vss	Ground		-
2	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V		-
3	Vcc	Power Supply +3.3 V		-
4	V _{EDID}	DDC +3.3 V		-
5	NC	-	-	-
6		DDC Clock		-
7	Data _{EDID}	DDC Data		-
8	Rxin0-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	_
9	Rxin0+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	-
10	Vss	Ground		-
11	Rxin1-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	
12	Rxin1+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	-
13	Vss	Ground		-
14	Rxin2-	LVDS Differential Data Input	Negative	
15	Rxin2+	LVDS Differential Data Input	Positive	_
16	Vss	Ground		-
17	CLK-	LVDS Clock Data Input	Negative	
18	CLK+	LVDS Clock Data Input	Positive	-
19	Vss	Ground		-
20	NC		-	-
21	NC		-	-
22	NC		-	-
23	NC		-	-
24	NC		-	-
25	NC		-	_
26	NC	-	-	-
27	NC	-	-	-
28	NC		-	_
29	NC	_	-	_
30	NC	-	-	-

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JAE-FI-XB30SL-HF10 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No: JAE-FI-X30C2L or equivalent



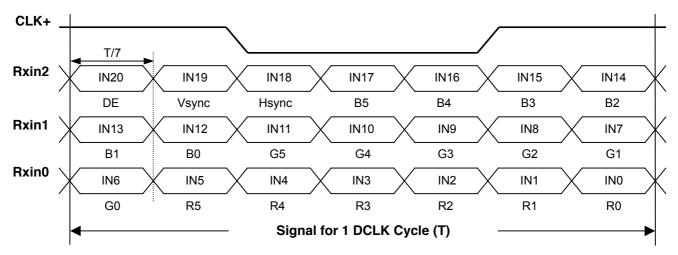
5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

Pin	Symbol	Description	Color
1	HV	High Voltage	Pink
2	LV	Ground	Black

Note (1) Connector Part No.: JST-BHSR-02VS-1 or equivalent

Note (2) User's connector Part No.: JST-SM02B-BHSS-1-TB or equivalent

5.3 TIMING DIAGRAM OF LVDS INPUT SIGNAL





5.4 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 6-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

								•	[Data		al							
				Re						Gre					Blue				
		R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G5	G4	G3	G2	G1	GO	B5	B4	B3	B2	B1	B0
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors	Cyan	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Magenta	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Red(2)	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Red	Red(61)	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(62)	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(63)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0)/Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Blue	Blue(61)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(62)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(63)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



5.5 EDID DATA STRUCTURE

The EDID (Extended Display Identification Data) data formats are to support displays as defined in the

VESA Plug	& Display	and FPDI	standards
VLO/ CI lug	a Dispidy		olunuuluo.

Byte #(decima	Byte al)#(hex)	Field Name and Comments	Value(hex)	Value(binary)
0	0	Header	00	0000000
1	1	Header	FF	11111111
2	2	Header	FF	11111111
3	3	Header	FF	11111111
4	4	Header	FF	11111111
5	5	Header	FF	11111111
6	6	Header	FF	11111111
7	7	Header	00	00000000
3	8	EISA ID manufacturer name ("CMO")	0D	00001101
9	9	EISA ID manufacturer name (Compressed ASCII)	AF	10101111
10	0A	ID product code (N154I2-L02)	26	00100110
11	0B	ID product code (hex LSB first; N154I2-L02)	15	00010101
12		ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
13		ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	0000000
14	0E	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	0000000
15	0F	ID S/N (fixed "0")	00	00000000
16	10	Week of manufacture (fixed "00H")	09	00001001
17	11	Year of manufacture (fixed "00H")	10	00010000
18	12	EDID structure version # ("1")	01	0000001
19	13	EDID revision # ("3")	03	00000011
20		Video I/P definition ("digital")	80	1000000
21		Max H image size ("33cm")	21	00100001
22		Max V image size ("21cm")	15	00010101
23		Display Gamma (Gamma = "2.2")	78	01111000
24		Feature support ("Active off, RGB Color")	0A	00001010
25		Red/Green (Rx1, Rx0, Ry1, Ry0, Gx1, Gx0, Gy1, Gy0)	C6	11000110
26		Blue/White (Bx1, Bx0, By1, By0, Wx1, Wx0, Wy1, Wy0)	A9	10101001
27		Red-x (Rx = "0.604")	9A	10011010
28		Red-y (Ry = "0.340")	57	01010111
29		Green-x (Gx = "0.306")	4E	01001110
30		Green-y (Gy = "0.521")	85	10000101
31		Blue-x (Bx = "0.150")	26	00100110
32		Blue-y (By = "0.119")	1E	00011110
33		White-x (Wx = $"0.314"$)	50	01010000
34		White-y (Wy = $"0.321"$)	52	01010010
35		Established timings 1	00	00000000
36		Established timings 2	00	00000000
37		Manufacturer's reserved timings	00	00000000
38		Standard timing ID # 1	01	0000001
39		Standard timing ID # 1	01	00000001



40	28	Standard timing ID # 2	01	00000001
41	29	Standard timing ID # 2	01	0000001
42	2A	Standard timing ID # 3	01	0000001
43	2B	Standard timing ID # 3	01	0000001
44	2C	Standard timing ID # 4	01	0000001
45	2D	Standard timing ID # 4	01	0000001
46	2E	Standard timing ID # 5	01	0000001
47	2F	Standard timing ID # 5	01	0000001
48	30	Standard timing ID # 6	01	0000001
49	31	Standard timing ID # 6	01	0000001
50	32	Standard timing ID # 7	01	0000001
51	33	Standard timing ID # 7	01	0000001
52	34	Standard timing ID # 8	01	0000001
53	35	Standard timing ID # 8	01	00000001
		Detailed timing description # 1 Pixel clock ("71MHz", According to	BC	10111100
54 	36	VESA CVT Rev1.1)		
55 		# 1 Pixel clock (hex LSB first)	1B	00011011
56		# 1 H active ("1280")	00	0000000
57		# 1 H blank ("160")	A0	10100000
58		# 1 H active : H blank ("1280 : 160")	50	01010000
59		# 1 V active ("800")	20	0010000
60	3C	# 1 V blank ("23")	17	00010111
61	3D	# 1 V active : V blank ("800 :23")	30	00110000
62	3E	# 1 H sync offset ("48")	30	00110000
63	3F	# 1 H sync pulse width ("32")	20	00100000
64	40	# 1 V sync offset : V sync pulse width ("3 : 6")	36	00110110
65	41	# 1 H sync offset : H sync pulse width : V sync offset : V sync width ("48: 32 : 3 : 6")	00	00000000
66	42	# 1 H image size ("331 mm")	4B	01001011
67	43	# 1 V image size ("207 mm")	CF	11001111
68	44	# 1 H image size : V image size ("331 : 207")	10	00010000
69	45	# 1 H boarder ("0")	00	00000000
70	46	# 1 V boarder ("0")	00	00000000
71	47	# 1 Non-interlaced, Normal, no stereo, Separate sync, H/V pol Negatives	18	00011000
72	48	Detailed timing description # 2	00	00000000
73	49	# 2 Flag	00	00000000
74	4A	# 2 Reserved	00	00000000
75	4B	# 2 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Model Name "N154I2-L02", ASCII)	FE	11111110
76	4C	# 2 Flag	00	00000000
77	4D	# 2 1st character of name ("N")	4E	01001110
78	4E	# 2 2nd character of name ("1")	31	00110001
79	4F	# 2 3rd character of name ("5")	35	00110101
80	50	# 2 4th character of name ("4")	34	00110100
81	51	# 2 5th character of name ("I")	49	01001001
82	52	# 2 6th character of name ("2")	32	00110010
83		# 2 7th character of name ("-")	2D	00101101



84	54	# 2 8th character of name ("L")	4C	01001100
85		# 2 9th character of name ("0")	30	00110000
86		# 2 9th character of name ("2")	32	00110010
87		# 2 New line character indicates end of ASCII string	0A	00001010
88		# 2 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
89		# 2 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
90		Detailed timing description # 3	00	00000000
91		# 3 Flag	00	0000000
92		# 3 Reserved	00	0000000
93		# 3 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Vendor "CMO", ASCII)	FE	11111110
94		# 3 Flag	00	0000000
95		# 3 1st character of string ("C")	43	01000011
96		# 3 2nd character of string ("M")	4D	01001101
97		# 3 3rd character of string ("O")	4F	01001111
98		# 3 New line character indicates end of ASCII string	0A	00001010
99		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
100		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
100		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
101		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
102		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
103		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
104		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
105		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
100		# 3 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
107		Detailed timing description # 4	00	00000000
108			00	00000000
110		# 4 Flag # 4 Reserved	00	00000000
110		# 4 FE (hex) defines ASCII string (Model Name"N154I2-L02", ASCII)	FE	11111110
112		# 4 Flag	00	00000000
112			4E	01001110
113		# 4 1st character of name ("N") # 4 2nd character of name ("1")	<u>4</u> ∟	00110001
115		# 4 3rd character of name ("5")	35	00110101
116		# 4 4th character of name ("4")	<u> </u>	00110100
117		# 4 5th character of name ("1")	49	01001001
118		# 4 6th character of name ("2")	32	00110010
119		# 4 7th character of name ($^{-}$)	 2D	00101101
120	78	# 4 7th character of name (-) # 4 8th character of name ("L")	4C	01001100
120	-		30	00110000
121	79 7A	# 4 9th character of name ("0") # 4 9th character of name ("2")	32	00110010
122			0A	00001010
		# 4 New line character indicates end of ASCII string # 4 Padding with "Plank" character	20	0010000
124		# 4 Padding with "Blank" character	20	00100000
125		# 4 Padding with "Blank" character	00	00000000
126	7E	Extension flag	88	10001000
127	7F	Checksum	00	10001000



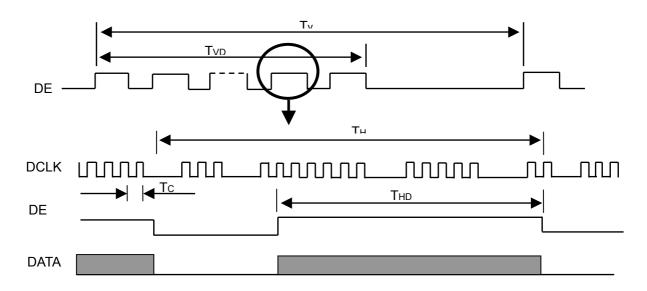
6. INTERFACE TIMING

6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

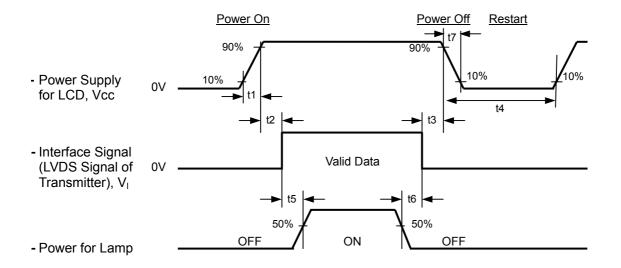
Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
DCLK	Frequency	1/Tc	-	71	80	MHz	-
	Vertical Total Time	TV	810	823	1000	TH	-
DE	Vertical Addressing Time	TVD	800	800	800	TH	-
DE	Horizontal Total Time	TH	1360	1440	1600	Тс	-
	Horizontal Addressing Time	THD	1280	1280	1280	Тс	-

INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM





6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE



Timing Specifications:

0.5< t1 <= 10 msec 0 < t2 <= 50 msec 0 < t3 <= 50 msec t4 >= 500 msec t5 >= 200 msec t6 >= 200 msec

Note (1) Please avoid floating state of interface signal at invalid period.

- Note (2) When the interface signal is invalid, be sure to pull down the power supply of LCD Vcc to 0 V.
- Note (3) The Backlight inverter power must be turned on after the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is valid. The Backlight inverter power must be turned off before the power supply for the logic and the interface signal is invalid.
- Note (4) Sometimes some slight noise shows when LCD is turned off (even backlight is already off). To avoid this phenomenon, we suggest that the Vcc falling time had better to follow t7 >= 5 msec



7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit			
Ambient Temperature	Та	25±2	°C			
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH			
Supply Voltage	V _{CC}	3.3	V			
Input Signal	According to typical v	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL	CHARACTERISTICS"			
Inverter Current	١L	6.0	mA			
Inverter Driving Frequency	FL	KHz				
Inverter	Sumida-H05-4915					

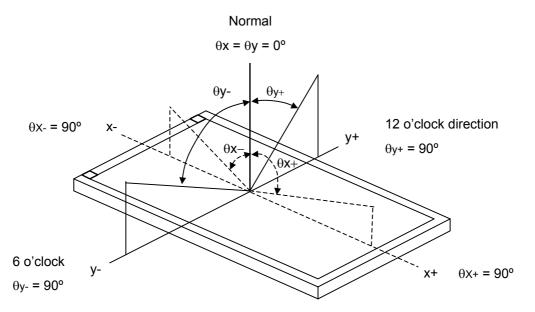
The measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in Section 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in Section 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

lte	m	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Contrast Ratio		CR		280	400	-	-	(2), (5)
Boononao Timo		T _R		-	5	10	ms	
Response Time	;	T _F		-	11	16	ms	(3)
Central Lumina	nce of White	L _C		170	200		cd/m ²	(4) (6)
Average Lumin	ance of White	LAVE		155	185	-	cd/m ²	(4), (6)
	Red	Rx			0.602		-	
	Reu	Ry	θ _x =0°, θ _Y =0°		0.340		-	
	Green	Gx	Viewing Normal Angle		0.306		-	
Color	Green	Gy		TYP.	0.521	TYP.	-	(1)
Color	Blue	Bx		-0.03	0.151	+0.03	-	(1)
Chromaticity		By			0.120		-	
	\A/bita	Wx			0.313		-	
	White	Wy			0.329		-	
	Color Gamut	C.G.		42	45		%	(7)
	Horizontal	θ_x +		40	45	-		
	Horizontal	θ _x -		40	45	-	Dee	(1) (5)
Viewing Angle	Vertical	θ γ +	CR≥10	15	20	-	Deg.	(1),(5)
	Vertical	θ _Y -	40 45 -		-			
White Variation of 5 Points		δW _{5p}	θ _x =0°, θ _Y =0°	80	-	-	%	
White Variation	of 13 Points	δW _{13p}	(BM-5A)	65	-	-	%	(5),(6)



Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ($\theta x, \theta y$):



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

Contrast Ratio (CR) = L63 / L0

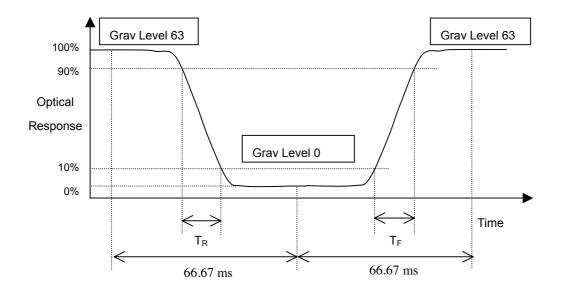
L63: Luminance of gray level 63

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR (5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at Figure in Note (6).

Note (3) Definition of Response Time (T_R, T_F) :





Note (4) Definition of Average Luminance of White (LAVE):

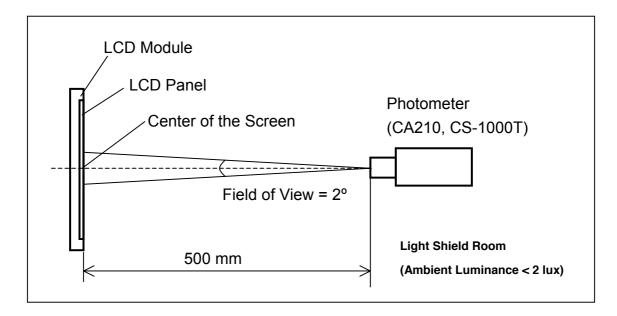
Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points

$$L_{AVE} = [L (1)+L (2)+L (3)+L (4)+L (5)] / 5$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at Figure in Note (6)

Note (5) Measurement Setup:

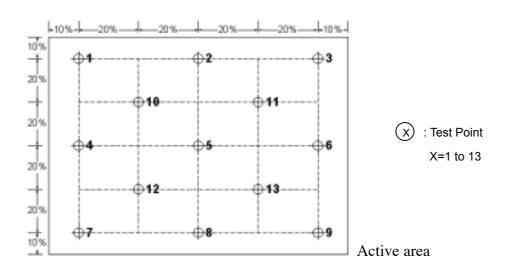
The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 20 minutes to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 20 minutes in a windless room.





Note (6) Definition of White Variation (δ W):

Measure the luminance of gray level 63 at 5 points δW_{5p} = Minimum [L (10)+ L (11)+ L (12)+ L (13)+ L (5)] / Maximum [L (10)+ L (11)+ L (12)+ L (13)+ L (5)] δW_{13p} = Minimum [L (1) ~ L (13)] / Maximum [L (1) ~ L (13)]



Note (7) Definition of color gamut (C.G%):

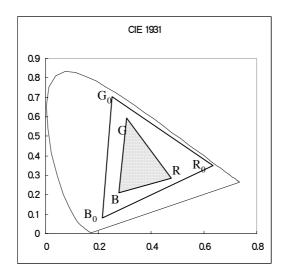
 $C.G\% = RGB / R_0 G_0 B_0,*100\%$

R₀, G₀, B₀: color coordinates of red, green, and blue defined by NTSC, respectively.

R, G, B: color coordinates of module on 63 gray levels of red, green, and blue, respectively.

 $R_0 G_0 B_0$: area of triangle defined by R_0 , G_0 , B_0

R G B: area of triangle defined by R, G, B





8. PRECAUTIONS

8.1 HANDLING PRECAUTIONS

- (1) The module should be assembled into the system firmly by using every mounting hole. Be careful not to twist or bend the module.
- (2) While assembling or installing modules, it can only be in the clean area. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or damage the polarizer.
- (3) Use fingerstalls or soft gloves in order to keep display clean during the incoming inspection and assembly process.
- (4) Do not press or scratch the surface harder than a HB pencil lead on the panel because the polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (5) If the surface of the polarizer is dirty, please clean it by some absorbent cotton or soft cloth. Do not use Ketone type materials (ex. Acetone), Ethyl alcohol, Toluene, Ethyl acid or Methyl chloride. It might permanently damage the polarizer due to chemical reaction.
- (6) Wipe off water droplets or oil immediately. Staining and discoloration may occur if they left on panel for a long time.
- (7) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contacting with hands, legs or clothes, it must be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (8) Protect the module from static electricity, it may cause damage to the C-MOS Gate Array IC.
- (9) Do not disassemble the module.
- (10) Do not pull or fold the lamp wire.
- (11) Pins of I/F connector should not be touched directly with bare hands.

8.2 STORAGE PRECAUTIONS

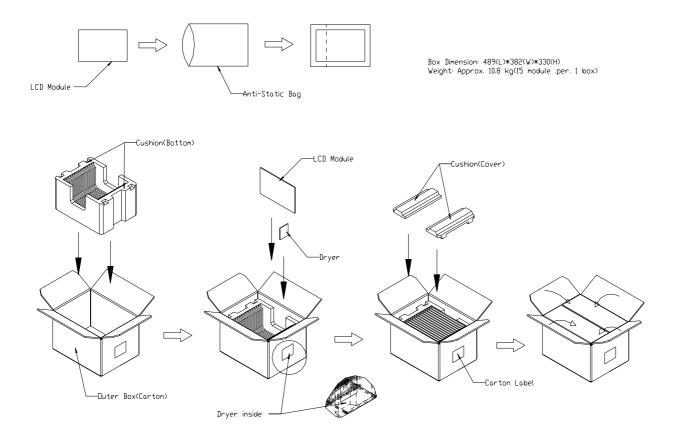
- (1) High temperature or humidity may reduce the performance of module. Please store LCD module within the specified storage conditions.
- (2) It is dangerous that moisture come into or contacted the LCD module, because the moisture may damage LCD module when it is operating.
- (3) It may reduce the display quality if the ambient temperature is lower than 10 °C. For example, the response time will become slowly, and the starting voltage of lamp will be higher than the room temperature.

8.3 OPERATION PRECAUTIONS

- (1) Do not pull the I/F connector in or out while the module is operating.
- (2) Always follow the correct power on/off sequence when LCD module is connecting and operating. This can prevent the CMOS LSI chips from damage during latch-up.
- (3) The startup voltage of Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause electrical shock while assembling with inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.



9. PACKING

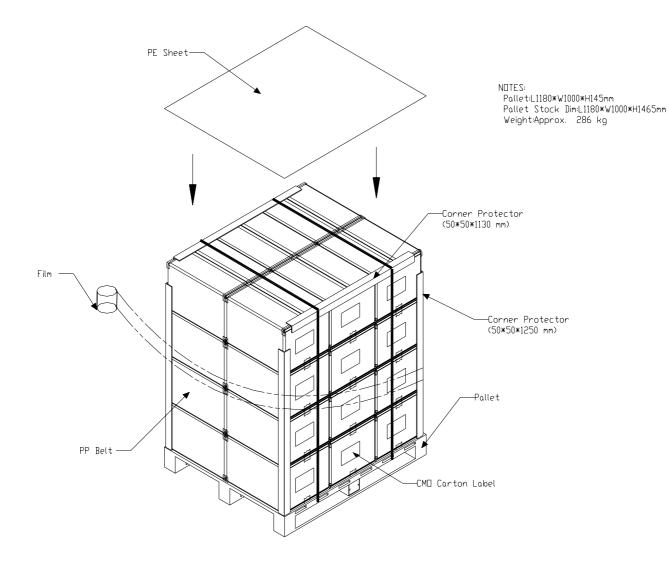


Packing testing criteria :

- (1) Packing drop : 1 corner, 3 edges, 6 faces, each direction for one time, follow ISTA standard.
- (2) Packing vibration : Random, follow ISTA standard.



9.2 PALLET

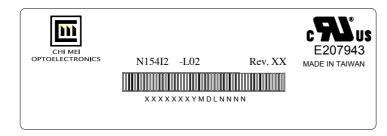




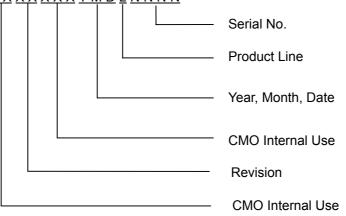
10. DEFINITION OF LABELS

10.1 CMO MODULE LABEL

The barcode nameplate is pasted on each module as illustration, and its definitions are as following explanation.



- (a) Model Name: N154I2 L02
- (b) Revision: Rev. XX, for example: C1, C2 ... etc.
- (c) Serial ID: X X X X X X X Y M D L N N N N



Serial ID includes the information as below:

(a) Manufactured Date: Year: 1~9, for 2001~2009

Month: 1~9, A~C, for Jan. ~ Dec.

Day: 1~9, A~Y, for 1^{st} to 31^{st} , exclude I , O and U

- (b) Revision Code: cover all the change
- (c) Serial No.: Manufacturing sequence of product
- (d) Product Line: 1 -> Line1, 2 -> Line 2, ...etc.



10.2 CARTON LABEL

PO.NO		
Part ID.		
Model Name		
Carton ID	Quantif	ties
		GP
	Made in XXXX	RoHS

NDTE: NUIE: 1. GENERAL TOLERANCE : ±0.5mm 2. THE SCREW TORQUE FOR MOUNTING SHALL NOT EXEED 2.0kgf-cm (0.196N-m). 3. THE GAP BETWEEN THE PANEL AND THE BEZEL IS 0.5mm MAX. 4. SIGNAL INTERFACE CONNECTOR : FI-XB30SRL-HF11(JAE) 5. CCFL CONNECTOR : BHSR-02VS-1(JST)

