

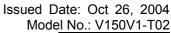
# **TFT LCD Preliminary Specification**

# **MODEL NO.: V150V1 - T02**

LCD TV Head Division			
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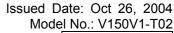






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## **REVISION HISTORY**

Version	Date	Page (New)	Section	Description
Ver 1.0	Oct. 26,'04	All	All	Preliminary Specification was first issued.



## 1. GENERAL DESCRIPTION

#### 1.1 OVERVIEW

V150V1-T02 is a 15" TFT Liquid Crystal Display module with 4-UCCFL Backlight unit and 1ch-TTL interface. This module supports 640 x 480 VGA format and displays 16.2M colors (6bits + FRC).

#### **1.2 FEATURES**

- High brightness (450 nits)
- High contrast ratio (800:1)
- Fast response time
- High color saturation NTSC 72%
- VGA (640 x 480 pixels) resolution
- DE (Data Enable) only mode
- TTL interface

#### 1.3 APPLICATION

- TFT LCD TVs

## 1.4 GENERAL SPECIFICATIONS

Item	Specification	Unit	Note
Active Area	305.28 (H) x 228.96 (V)	mm	(1)
Bezel Opening Area	311.2 (H) x 235.0 (V)	mm	(1)
Driver Element	a-si TFT active matrix	-	-
Pixel Number	640 x R.G.B. x 480	pixel	-
Pixel Pitch(Sub Pixel)	0.1555 (H) x 0.4665 (V)	mm	-
Pixel Arrangement	RGB vertical stripe	-	-
Display Colors	16.2M	color	-
Display Operation Mode	Transmissive mode / Normally black	-	-
Surface Treatment	Hardness : 3H, Haze : 25% Anti-reflective coating < 2% reflection	-	-

#### 1.5 MECHANICAL SPECIFICATIONS

Ite	em	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Horizontal(H		330.7	331.2	331.7	mm	(1)
Module Size	Vertical(V)	255.5	256.0	256.5	mm	(1)
Module Size	Depth(D)	34.4	36.2	38.0	mm	with INV Cover
We	eight	1140	1240	1340	gm.	-

Note (1) Please refer to the attached drawings for more information of front and back outline dimensions.



#### 2. ABSOLUTE MAXIMUM RATINGS

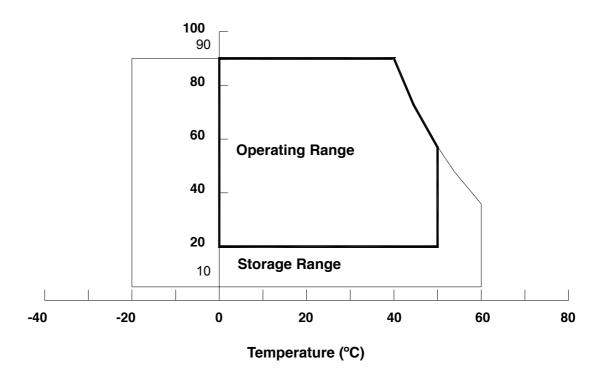
#### 2.1 ABSOLUTE RATINGS OF ENVIRONMENT

Item	Symbol	Va	Unit	Note		
item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Storage Temperature	T <sub>ST</sub>	-20	+60	°C	(1)	
Operating Ambient Temperature	T <sub>OP</sub>	0	50	°C	(1), (2)	
Shock (Non-Operating)	S <sub>NOP</sub>	-	50	G	(3), (5)	
Vibration (Non-Operating)	$V_{NOP}$	-	1.0	G	(4), (5)	

Note (1) Temperature and relative humidity range is shown in the figure below.

- (a) 90 %RH Max. (Ta  $\leq$  40 °C).
- (b) Wet-bulb temperature should be 39 °C Max. (Ta > 40 °C).
- (c) No condensation.
- Note (2) The temperature of panel display area surface should be 0 °C Min. and 60 °C Max.
- Note (3) 11 ms, half sine wave, 1 time for  $\pm X$ ,  $\pm Y$ ,  $\pm Z$ .
- Note (4)  $10 \sim 500$  Hz, 10 min, 1 time each X, Y, Z.
- Note (5) At testing Vibration and Shock, the fixture in holding the module has to be hard and rigid enough so that the module would not be twisted or bent by the fixture.

## **Relative Humidity (%RH)**





#### 2.2 ELECTRICAL ABSOLUTE RATINGS

## 2.2.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Itom	Symbol	V	alue	Unit	Note
Item	Symbol	Min.	Max.	Utill	
Power Supply Voltage	Vcc	(-0.3)	(+5.5)	V	

#### 2.2.2 BACKLIGHT INVERTER UNIT

Item	Symbol	Va	lue	Unit	Note	
item	Syllibol	Min.	Max.	Offic	Note	
Lamp Voltage	$V_W$	_	3000	$V_{RMS}$		

Note (1) Permanent damage to the device may occur if maximum values are exceeded. Function operation should be restricted to the conditions described under Normal Operating Conditions.

## 3. ELECTRICAL CHARACTERISTICS

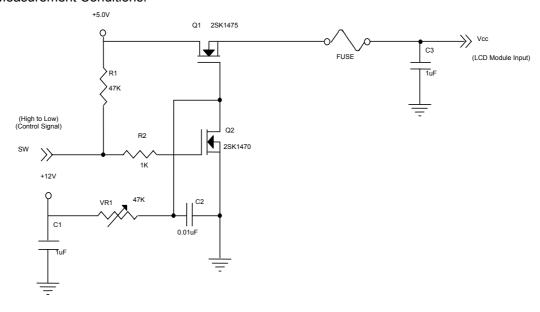
#### 3.1 TFT LCD MODULE

Ta = 25 ± 2 °C

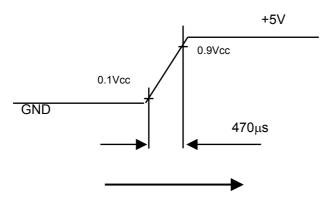
Parameter		Symbol	Value			Unit	Note
		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	NOLE
Power Supply Voltage		Vcc	4.5	5.0	5.5	V	(1)
Ripple Voltage	Ripple Voltage		-	150	-	mV	(2)
Rush Current		I <sub>RUSH</sub>	-	2.0	TBD	Α	
	White		-	0.85	-	Α	
Power Supply Current	Black	lcc	-	0.70	-	Α	(3)
Vertical Stripe			-	0.80	-	Α	
TTL input high threshold voltage		$V_{IH}$	(2.7)	-	(3.3)	V	
TTL input low threshold	voltage	$V_{IL}$	0	-	(0.7)	V	

Note (1) The module should be always operated within above ranges.

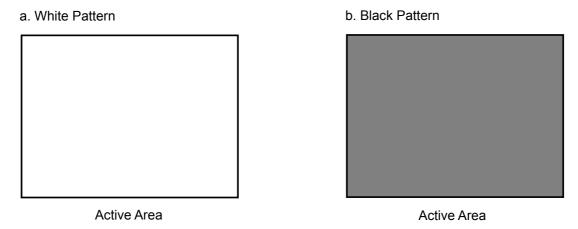
## Note (2) Measurement Conditions:



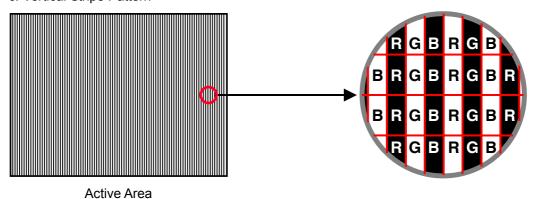
## Vcc rising time is 470μs



Note (3) The specified power supply current is under the conditions at Vcc = 5 V, Ta =  $25 \pm 2$  °C,  $f_v$  = 60 Hz, whereas a power dissipation check pattern below is displayed.



## c. Vertical Stripe Pattern



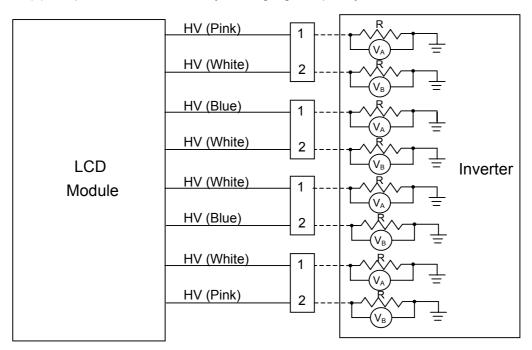


#### 3.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT

## 3.2.1 CCFL (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Lamp) CHARACTERISTICS (Ta = 25 ± 2 °C)

Parameter	Symbol		Value	Unit	Note	
Farameter	Syllibol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Offic	Note
Lamp Voltage	$V_W$	ı	960	-	$V_{RMS}$	$I_{L} = 5.0 \text{ mA}$
Lamp Current	Ι <sub>L</sub>	4.5	5.0	5.5	mA <sub>RMS</sub>	(1)
Large Charting Valtage	\ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \ \	1	(1600)	-	$V_{RMS}$	(2), Ta = 0 °C
Lamp Starting Voltage	Vs	ı	(1400)	-	$V_{RMS}$	(2), Ta = 25 °C
Operating Frequency	Fo	30	-	70	KHz	(3)
Lamp Life Time	$L_BL$	50,000	60,000	-	Hrs	(4)

Note (1) Lamp current is measured by utilizing high frequency current meters as shown below

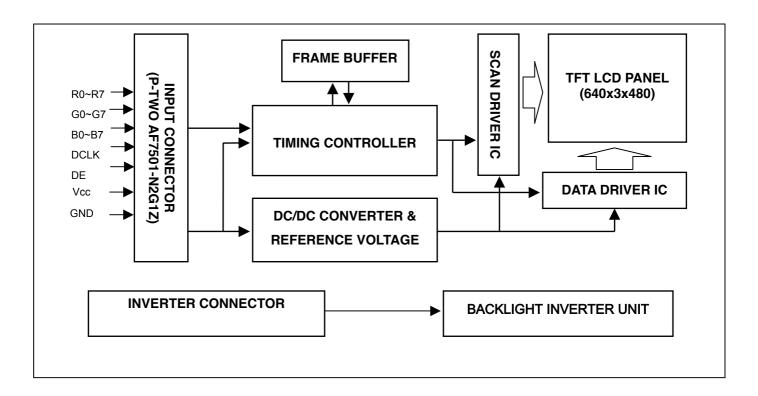


- Note (2) The lamp starting voltage  $V_S$  should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second after startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- Note (3) The lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency of the display input signals, and it may result in line flow on the display. In order to avoid interference, the lamp frequency should be detached from the horizontal synchronous frequency and its harmonics as far as possible.
- Note (4) The life time of a lamp is defined as when the brightness is larger than 50% of its original value and the effective discharge length is longer than 80% of its original length (Effective discharge length is defined as an area that has equal to or more than 70% brightness compared to the brightness at the center point of lamp.) as the time in which it continues to operate under the condition at Ta = 25  $\pm$ °C and I<sub>L</sub> = 4.5 ~ 5.5 mArms.



## 4. BLOCK DIAGRAM

## 4.1 TFT LCD MODULE





## 5. INTERFACE PIN CONNECTION

## **5.1 TFT LCD MODULE**

Pin assignment

Pin	Name	Description	Pin	Name	Description
1	NC	No Connection	26	R0	Red Data
2	NC	No Connection	27	GND	Ground
3	NC	No Connection	28	G7	
4	GND	Ground	29	G6	Green Data (G7:MSB)
5	GND	Ground	30	G5	Green Data (G7.MSB)
6	VCC		31	G4	
7	VCC	Power Input (+5.0V)	32	GND	Ground
8	VCC	Power input (+5.0v)	33	G3	
9	VCC		34	G2	Green Data
10	GND	Ground	35	G1	Green Data
11	NC		36	G0	
12	NC		37	GND	Ground
13	GND	Ground	38	B7	
14	DE	Data Enable	39	B6	Plue Deta (P7:MSP)
15	GND	Ground	40	B5	Blue Data (B7:MSB)
16	DCLK	Dot Clock	41	B4	
17	GND	Ground	42	GND	Ground
18	R7		43	B3	
19	R6	Red Data (R7:MSB)	44	B2	Blue Data
20	R5	Red Data (R7.IVISB)	45	B1	Diue Dala
21	R4		46	B0	
22	GND	Ground	47	GND	Ground
23	R3		48	GND	Ground
24	R2	Red Data	49	NC	No Connection
25	R1		50	NC	No Connection

Note (1) Connector Part No.: AF7501-N2G1Z (P-TWO) or compatible

Note (2) NC pin has to keep high impedance



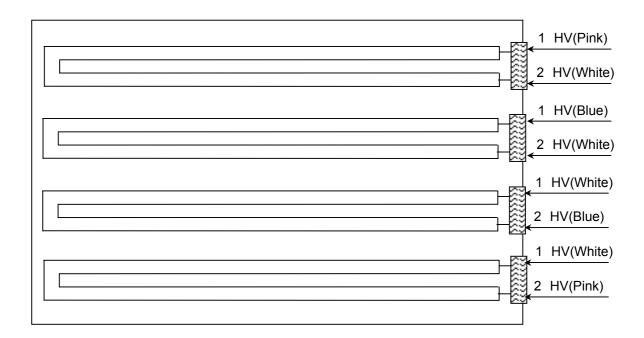
## **5.2 BACKLIGHT UNIT**

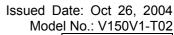
The pin configuration for the housing and leader wire is shown in the table below.

CN2-CN5(Housing): BHR-04VS-1

Pin №	Signal name	Feature
1	HV	High Voltage
2	HV	High Voltage

Note (1) The backlight interface housing for high voltage side is a model BHR-04VS-1, manufactured by JST. The mating header on inverter part number is SM02(12.0)B-BHS-1-TB(LF).









## **5.3 COLOR DATA INPUT ASSIGNMENT**

The brightness of each primary color (red, green and blue) is based on the 8-bit gray scale data input for the color. The higher the binary input, the brighter the color. The table below provides the assignment of color versus data input.

												Da		Sigr											
	Color				Re	-								reer							Bli			,	
	IDII	R7	R6	R5	R4	R3	R2	R1	R0	G7	G6	G5		G3	G2	G1	G0	B7	B6	B5	B4	B3		B1	-
	Black	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Dania	Green	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic	Blue	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0 1	0	0 1	0 1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
Colors		0	0	0 1	1	0	0	1	0 1	1	1	1	1	-	1	-	-	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	
	Magenta Yellow	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0 1	0 1	0	0	0	0 1	0 1	1	0	1	1	1	0	0	1
	White	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray																									
Scale	:		:	:				:			:	:	:	:	:		:			:	:	:		:	:
Of	Red(253)	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0	0	0
Red	Red(254)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ö	0
	Red(255)	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	Ō	0	0	Ö	Ö	0	Ö	0	Ō	0
											_														
	Green(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Green(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Of	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:	:
Green	Green(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
0.0011	Green(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(0) / Dark	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Blue(1)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1
Gray	Blue(2)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0
Scale	:			:		:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:		:	:	:	:	:	:	:		:
Of	Divo(252)				:	-			: 0		•	:	-	:	•		:	•							;
Blue	Blue(253)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	1
	Blue(254)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0
	Blue(255)	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	Τ	T	Т	ı.I	l I	ı I	1	1

Note (1) 0: Low Level Voltage, 1: High Level Voltage



## 6. INTERFACE TIMING

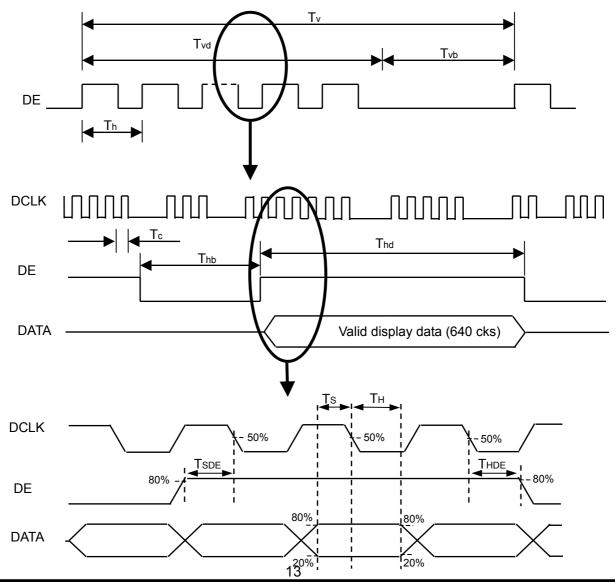
#### **6.1 INPUT SIGNAL TIMING SPECIFICATIONS**

The input signal timing specifications are shown as the following table and timing diagram.

Signal	Item	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Note
Clock	Frequency	1/Tc	20	25	30	MHz	-
	Frame Rate	Fr	47	60	63	Hz	-
Vertical Active Display Term	Total	Τv	500	525	550	Th	Tv=Tvd+Tvb
Vertical Active Display Term	Display	Tvd	480	480	480	Th	-
	Blank	Tvb	20	45	70	Th	-
	Total	Th	750	800	850	Tc	Th=Thd+Thb
Horizontal Active Display Term	Display	Thd	640	640	640	Tc	-
	Blank	Thb	110	160	210	Tc	-
Input data Term	Setup time	Ts	15			ns	
input data Terrii	Hold time	Тн	10			ns	
DE Term	Setup time	TSDE	15			ns	
DE IEIII	Hold time	THDE	10			ns	

Note: Since this module is operated by in DE only mode, Hsync and Vsync input signals should be set to low logic level or ground. Otherwise, this module would operate abnormally.

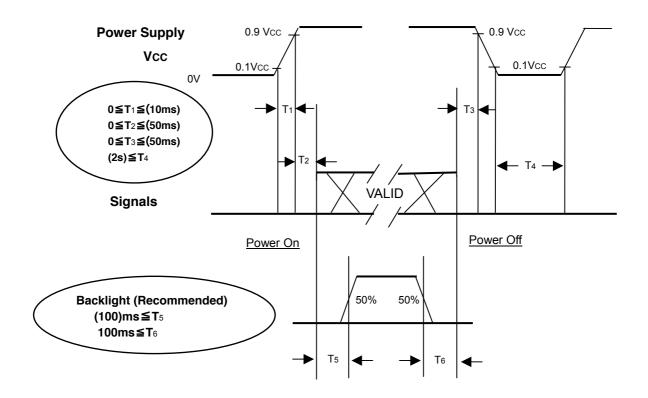
## **INPUT SIGNAL TIMING DIAGRAM**





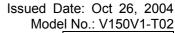
#### **6.2 POWER ON/OFF SEQUENCE**

To prevent a latch-up or DC operation of LCD module, the power on/off sequence should be as the diagram below.



**Power ON/OFF Sequence** 

- Note (1) The supply voltage of the external system for the module input should be the same as the definition of Vcc.
- Note (2) Apply the lamp voltage within the LCD operation range. When the backlight turns on before the LCD operation or the LCD turns off before the backlight turns off, the display may momentarily become abnormal screen.
- Note (3) In case of VCC = off level, please keep the level of input signals on the low or keep a high impedance.
- Note (4) T4 should be measured after the module has been fully discharged between power off and on period.
- Note (5) Interface signal shall not be kept at high impedance when the power is on.







## 7. OPTICAL CHARACTERISTICS

## 7.1 TEST CONDITIONS

Item	Symbol	Value	Unit
Ambient Temperature	Ta	25±2	°C
Ambient Humidity	На	50±10	%RH
Supply Voltage	$V_{CC}$	5.0	V
Input Signal	According to typical v	alue in "3. ELECTRICAL (	CHARACTERISTICS"
Lamp Current	lμ	4.5±0.5	mA
Oscillating Frequency (Inverter)	F <sub>W</sub>	61±3	KHz
Frame Rate	Fr	60	Hz

## 7.2 OPTICAL SPECIFICATIONS

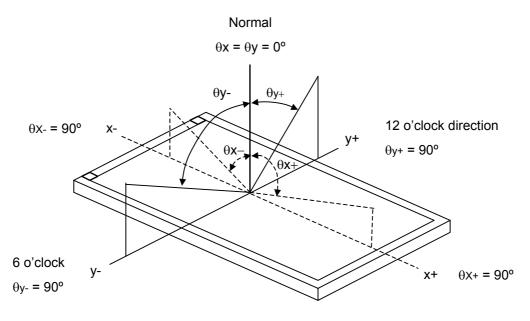
The relative measurement methods of optical characteristics are shown in 7.2. The following items should be measured under the test conditions described in 7.1 and stable environment shown in Note (6).

Ite	m	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Typ	Max.	Unit	Note
		,	Condition		Typ.	iviax.	Uill	
Contras	t Ratio	CR		TBD	(800)	-	-	Note(2)
Response time		Gray to gray(Average)			(12)	TBD		Note(3)
Center Lumina	ance of White	L <sub>C</sub>		TBD	(450)	-	cd/m <sup>2</sup>	Note(4)
White Va	ariation	δW		-		(1.3)	-	Note(7)
Cross	Talk	CT		_	-	4	%	Note(5)
	Red	Rx	$\theta_{x}=0^{\circ}, \ \theta_{Y}=0^{\circ}$		(0.641)		-	
	Reu	Ry	Viewing Normal Angle		(0.332)		-	Note(6)
	Green	Gx			(0.271)		-	
Color		Gy			(0.590)		1	
Chromaticity	Blue	Bx			(0.144)		-	
Officialities		Ву			(0.067)		-	
	White	Wx		(0.242) (	(0.272)	(0.302)	-	
		Wy		(0.248)	(0.278)	(0.308)	-	
	Color	Gamut			(72)	-	%	
	Horizontal	$\theta^{x}$ +			(88)	-		
Viewing	Horizontal	$\theta_{x}$ -	CR≥20		(88)	-	Deg.	Note(1)
Angle	Vertical	θ <sub>Y</sub> +	UR∠ZU		(88)	-	Deg.	140(6(1)
	vertical	θ <sub>Y</sub> -			(88)	-		



Note (1) Definition of Viewing Angle ( $\theta x$ ,  $\theta y$ ):

Viewing angles are measured by Eldim EZ-Contrast 160R



Note (2) Definition of Contrast Ratio (CR):

The contrast ratio can be calculated by the following expression.

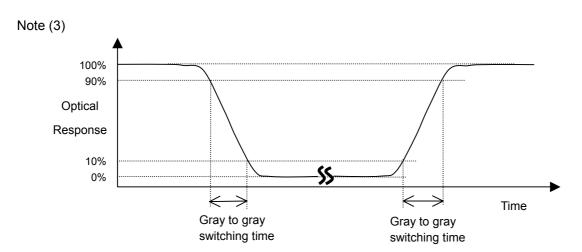
Contrast Ratio (CR) = L255 / L0

L255: Luminance of gray level 255

L 0: Luminance of gray level 0

CR = CR(5)

CR (X) is corresponding to the Contrast Ratio of the point X at the figure in Note (7).



. The driving signal means the signal of gray level 0, 63, 127, 191, 255.

Gray to gray average time means the average switching time of gray level 0 ,63,127,191,255 to each other.



Note (4) Definition of Luminance of White (L<sub>C</sub>, L<sub>AVE</sub>):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at center point and 5 points

$$L_{C} = L (5)$$

$$L_{AVE} = [L(1) + L(2) + L(3) + L(4) + L(5)] / 5$$

L (x) is corresponding to the luminance of the point X at the figure in Note (7).

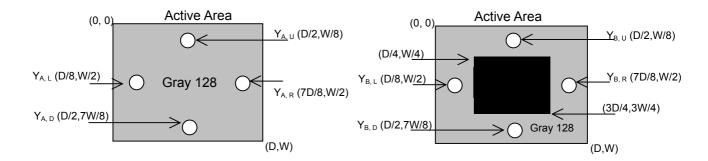
## Note (5) Definition of Cross Talk (CT):

$$CT = | Y_B - Y_A | / Y_A \times 100 (\%)$$

#### Where:

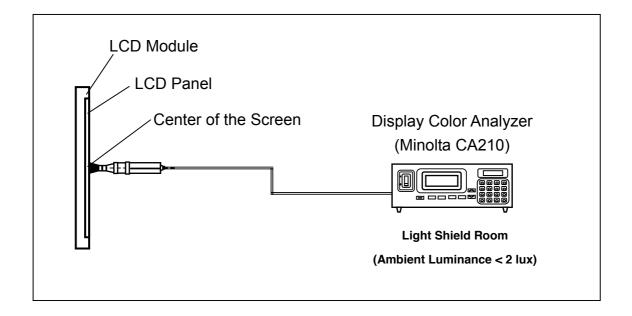
Y<sub>A</sub> = Luminance of measured location without gray level 0 pattern (cd/m²)

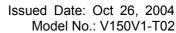
Y<sub>B</sub> = Luminance of measured location with gray level 0 pattern (cd/m<sup>2</sup>)



## Note (6) Measurement Setup:

The LCD module should be stabilized at given temperature for 1 hour to avoid abrupt temperature change during measuring. In order to stabilize the luminance, the measurement should be executed after lighting Backlight for 1 hour in a windless room.





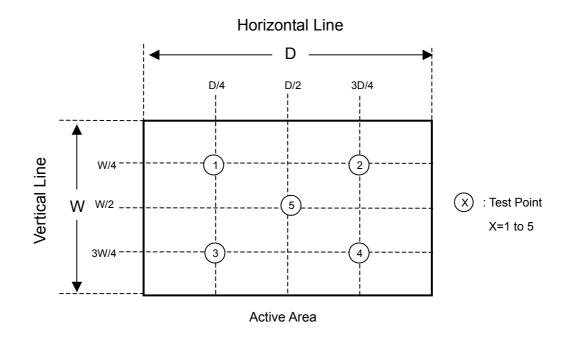




Note (7) Definition of White Variation ( $\delta W$ ):

Measure the luminance of gray level 255 at 5 points

 $\delta W = Maximum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)] / Minimum [L (1), L (2), L (3), L (4), L (5)]$ 





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#### 8. PRECAUTIONS

## **8.1 ASSEMBLY AND HANDLING PRECAUTIONS**

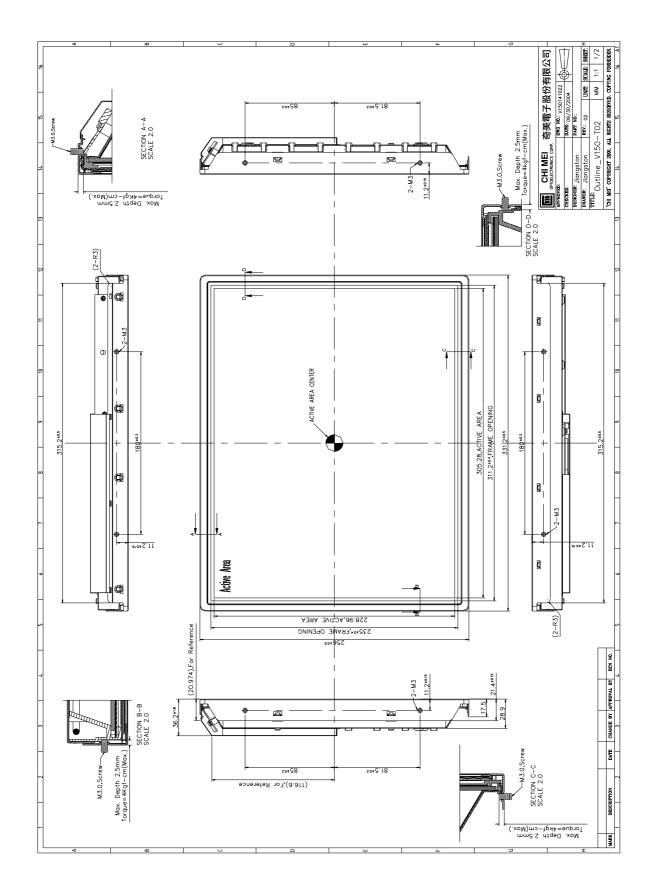
- (1) Do not apply rough force such as bending or twisting to the module during assembly.
- (2) It is recommended to assemble or to install a module into the user's system in clean working areas. The dust and oil may cause electrical short or worsen the polarizer.
- (3) Do not apply pressure or impulse to the module to prevent the damage of LCD panel and Backlight.
- (4) Always follow the correct power-on sequence when the LCD module is turned on. This can prevent the damage and latch-up of the CMOS LSI chips.
- (5) Do not plug in or pull out the I/F connector while the module is in operation.
- (6) Do not disassemble the module.
- (7) Use a soft dry cloth without chemicals for cleaning, because the surface of polarizer is very soft and easily scratched.
- (8) Moisture can easily penetrate into LCD module and may cause the damage during operation.
- (9) High temperature or humidity may deteriorate the performance of LCD module. Please store LCD modules in the specified storage conditions.
- (10) When ambient temperature is lower than 10°C, the display quality might be reduced. For example, the response time will become slow, and the starting voltage of CCFL will be higher than that of room temperature.

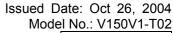
#### **8.2 SAFETY PRECAUTIONS**

- (1) The startup voltage of a Backlight is approximately 1000 Volts. It may cause an electrical shock while assembling with the inverter. Do not disassemble the module or insert anything into the Backlight unit.
- (2) If the liquid crystal material leaks from the panel, it should be kept away from the eyes or mouth. In case of contact with hands, skin or clothes, it has to be washed away thoroughly with soap.
- (3) After the module's end of life, it is not harmful in case of normal operation and storage.



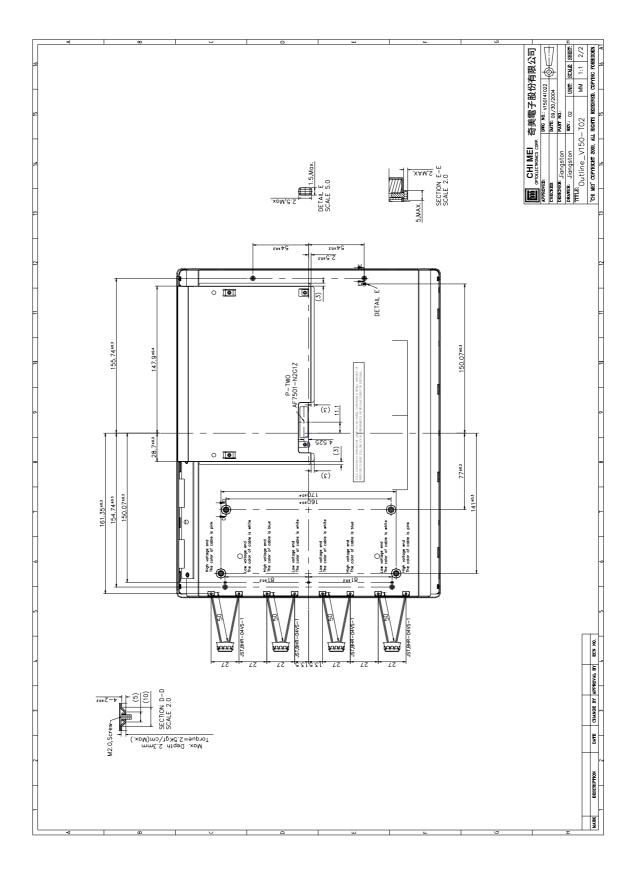
## 9. MECHANICAL CHARACTERISTICS













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