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		AVC LIQUID CRYSTAL DISPLAY
	SPECIFICATION	GROUP
T N	Develop AVC Lic AVC LIC	62 ED Makati Takeda

# RECORDS OF REVISION

# LQ150X1LH62

SPEC No.	DATE	REVISED		SUMMARY			NOTE	
		No.	PAGE					
LD-14123	Jan. 25. 2002	-	-		$1^{st}$	Iss	sue	
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#### 1. Application

This specification applies to a color TFT-LCD module, LQ150X1LH62.

#### 2. Overview

This module is a color active matrix LCD module incorporating amorphous silicon TFT (Thin Film Transistor). It is composed of a color TFT-LCD panel, driver ICs, control circuit and power supply circuit and a backlight unit. Graphics and texts can be displayed on a  $1024 \times 3 \times 768$  dots panel with 262,144 colors by using LVDS (Low Voltage Differential Signaling) to interface and supplying +3.3V DC supply voltage for TFT-LCD panel driving and supply voltage for backlight.

The TFT-LCD panel used for this module has very high aperture ratio. A low-reflection and higher-colorsaturation type color filter is also used for this panel. Therefore, high-brightness and high-contrast image, which is suitable for the multimedia use, can be obtained by using this module.

Optimum viewing direction is 6 o'clock.

Backlight-driving DC/AC inverter is not built in this module.

#### [Features]

- 1) High aperture panel ; high-brightness or low power consumption.
- 2) Brilliant and high contrast image.
- 3) Small footprint and thin shape.
- 4) Light weight.

Parameter	Specifications	Unit
Display size	38 (15.0") Diagonal	cm
Active area	304.1 (H)×228.1 (V)	mm
Pixel format	1024 (H)×768 (V)	pixel
	(1  pixel = R+G+B  dots)	
Pixel pitch	$0.297 (H) \times 0.297 (V)$	mm
Pixel configuration	R,G,B vertical stripe	
Display mode	Normally white	
Unit outline dimensions (typ.)*1	315.8(W)×240.5 (H)×7.0 Max.(D)	mm
Mass	670 Max.	g
Surface treatment	Anti-glare and hard-coating 2H	

#### 3. Mechanical Specifications

\*1.Note : excluding backlight cables.

Outline dimensions is shown in Fig.1

# 4. Input Terminals

# 4-1. TFT-LCD panel driving

CN1 (LVDS signals and +3.3V DC power supply) Using connector : FI-SEB20P-HF10 (JAE) Corresponding connector : FI-SE20M or FI-S20S (JAE)

Corresponding connector • FI-SE20W of FI-S20S (JAE)								
Pin No.	Symbol	Function	Remark					
1	Vcc	+3.3V power supply						
2	Vсс	+3.3V power supply						
3	G N D							
4	G N D							
5	RxINO-	Receiver signal (-)	L V D S					
6	RxINO+	Receiver signal (+)	L V D S					
7	G N D							
8	RxIN1-	Receiver signal (-)	L V D S					
9	RxIN1+	Receiver signal (+)	L V D S					
1 0	G N D							
1 1	RxIN2-	Receiver signal (-)	L V D S					
12	RxIN2+	Receiver signal (+)	L V D S					
1 3	G N D							
14	CK IN-	Clock signal (-)	L V D S					
15	CK IN+	Clock signal (+)	L V D S					
16	G N D							
17	RESERVED	This should be electrically opened during operation.						
18	RESERVED	This should be electrically opened during operation.						
19	G N D							
2 0	G N D							

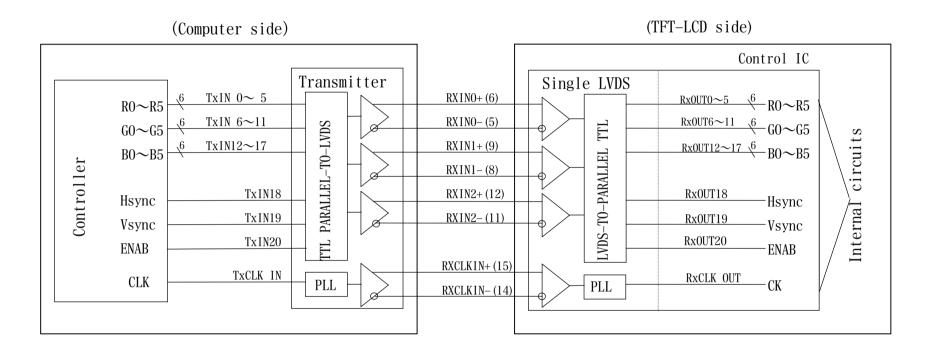
[Note 1] Relation between LVDS signals and actual data shows below section (4-2).

[Note 2] The shielding case is connected with signal GND.

# 4-2 Interface block diagram

Using receiver : Single LVDS interface contained in a control IC

Corresponding Transmitter : DS90C363, DS90C383, DS90C363A, DS90C383A (National semiconductor) THC63LVDM63A, THC63LVDF63A(Thine)



# 4-3. Backlight driving

# CN2: BHSR-02VS-1(JST)

# Mating connector : SM02B-BHSS-1(JST)

Pin no.	symbol	function						
1	V <sub>HIGH</sub>	Power supply for lamp	(High voltage side)					
2	V <sub>LOW</sub>	Power supply for lamp	(Low voltage side)					

# 5. Absolute Maximum Ratings

Parameter	Symbol	Condition	Ratings	Uni	Remark
				t	
Input voltage	VI	Ta=25°C	$-0.3 \sim Vcc+0.3$	V	[Note1]
+3.3V supply voltage	Vcc	Ta=25°C	$0 \sim + 4$	V	
Storage temperature	Tstg	_	$-25 \sim +60$	°C	[Note2]
Operating temperature (Ambient)	Тора		$0 \sim +50$	°C	

[Note1] LVDS signals

[Note2] Humidity : 95%RH Max. at Ta $\leq 40^{\circ}$ C.

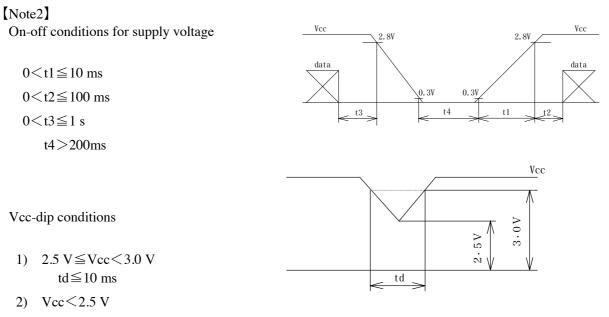
Maximum wet-bulb temperature at 39°C or less at Ta>40°C.

No condensation.

# 6. Electrical Characteristics

-1.TFT-LCD panel driving Ta=								Ta=25°C
	Parameter		Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Vcc	Supply voltage		Vcc	+3.0	+3.3	+3.6	V	[Note2]
	Current dissipat	ion	Icc	—	350	520	mА	[Note3]
Per	Permissive input ripple voltage		V <sub>RP</sub>	—	_	100	mV p-p	Vcc=+3.3V
Inp	Input voltage range		VI	0		2.4	V	LVDS signal
Dif	ferential input	High	V <sub>TH</sub>	—	_	+100	mV	V <sub>CM</sub> =+1.2V
thre	threshold voltage Low		V <sub>TL</sub>	-100	_	—	mV	[Note1]
Inp	Input current (High)		I <sub>OH</sub>	—	_	±10	μA	V <sub>I</sub> =2.4V Vcc=3.6V
Inp	Input current (Low)		I <sub>OL</sub>	—	_	$\pm 10$	μA	V <sub>I</sub> =0V Vcc=3.6V
Ter	minal resistor		R <sub>T</sub>	—	100	—	Ω	Differential input

[Note1]  $V_{CM}$ : Common mode voltage of LVDS driver.



Vcc-dip conditions should also follow the On-off conditions for supply voltage

[Note3] Typical current situation : 16-gray-bar pattern. Vcc=+3.3V

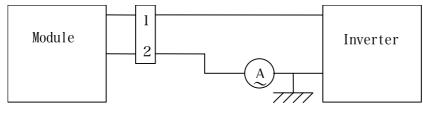
R G E	B RGB	R G B	R G B	R G B
GSO	) G § 4	6 S 8	 5 5 6	6 S 6 0

6-2. Backlight driving

The backlight system is an edge-lighting type with single CCFT (Cold Cathode Fluorescent Tube). The characteristics of the lamp are shown in the following table.

Parameter	Symbol	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Re	emark
Lamp current range	IL	3.0	6.0	6.5	mArms	[Note1]	
Lamp voltage	VL		660	_	Vrms		
Lamp power consumption	P <sub>L</sub>		4.0	_	W	[Note2]	
Lamp frequency	F <sub>L</sub>	40	52	70	KHz	[Note3]	
Kick-off voltage	Vs		I	1500	Vrms	Ta=25°C	
				1600	Vrms	Ta=0°C	[Note4]
Lamp life time	L	10000	_	_	Hour	[Note5]	

[Note1] Lamp current is measured with current meter for high frequency as shown below.

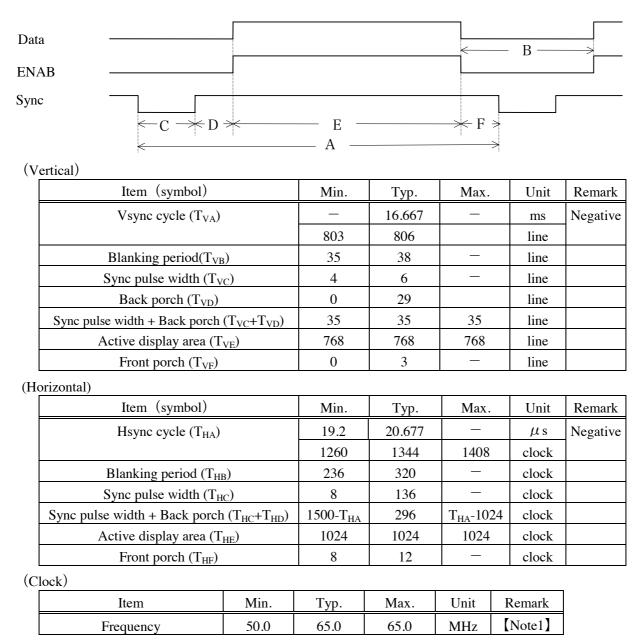


\* 2pin is  $V_{LOW}$ 

- [Note2] Calculated value for reference ( $I_L \times V_L$ )
- [Note3] Lamp frequency may produce interference with horizontal synchronous frequency, and this may cause beat on the display. Therefore lamp frequency shall be detached as much as possible from the horizontal synchronous frequency and from the harmonics of horizontal synchronous to avoid interference.
- [Note4] It is defined at 22pF for the ballast capacitor of a DC/AC inverter. The voltage above this value should be applied to the lamp for more than 1 second to startup. Otherwise the lamp may not be turned on.
- [Note5] Lamp life time is defined as the time when either (1) or (2) occurs in the continuous operation under the condition of Ta = 25°C and IL = 6.0 mArms.
  - ① Brightness becomes 50 % of the original value under standard condition.
  - (2) Kick-off voltage at  $Ta = 0^{\circ}C$  exceeds maximum value, 1600 V rms.
- Note) The performance of the backlight, for example life time or brightness, is much influenced by the characteristics of the DC-AC inverter for the lamp. When you design or order the inverter, please make sure that a poor lighting caused by the mismatch of the backlight and the inverter (miss-lighting, flicker, etc.) never occur. When you confirm it, the module should be operated in the same condition as it is installed in your instrument.

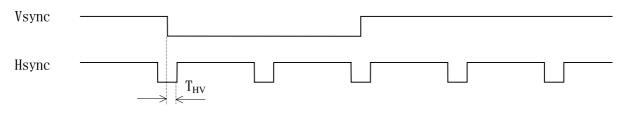
- 7. Timing characteristics of input signals
  - 7-1. Timing characteristics

(This is specified at digital outputs of LVDS driver.)



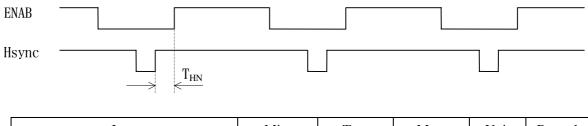
Note) In case of lower frequency, the deterioration of display quality, flicker etc., may be occurred.

(Hsync-Vsync Phase difference)



Item(symbol)	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync-Vsync Phase difference (T <sub>HV</sub> )	1	—	$T_{HA} - T_{HC}$	clock	

#### (Hsync-ENAB Phase difference)



Item	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark
Hsync-ENAB Phase difference (T <sub>HN</sub> )	0	_	312	clock	

#### 7-2 Display position

Item	Standards	Beginning	Ending	Unit	Remark
Horizontal	rising edge of ENAB	0	1024	clock	
	rising edge of Hsync	296	1320	clock	[Note1]
Vertical	falling edge of Vsync	35	803	line	

[Note1] ENAB signal must be fixed to low.

[Note]

(Horizontal display direction)

When ENAB is fixed low, 296 clock are counted from Hsync positive edge and data from after are available. If you need other timing, please use ENAB signal.

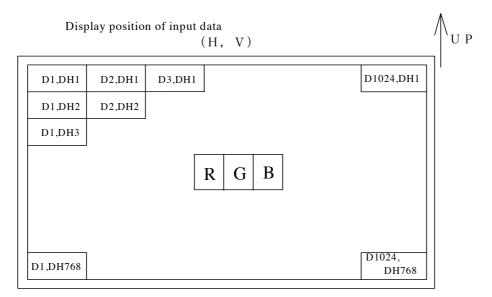
(Vertical display direction)

35 lines are counted from Vsync negative edge and data from next line are available.

(Note of ENAB signal)

ENAB could not be used for the purpose of the vertical display start timing.

7-3. Input Data Signals and Display Position on the screen



8. Input Signals, Basic Display Colors and Gray Scale of Each Color

	Colors &	Data signal																		
	Gray scale	Gray Scale	R0	R1	R2	R3	R4	R5	G0	G1	G2	G3	G4	G5	B0	B1	B2	B3	B4	B5
	Black		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Basic Color	Blue		0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Green	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Cyan	_	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Red	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Magenta	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Yellow		1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	White	_	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1	1
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	仓	GS1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray	Darker	GS2	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Red	仓	$\rightarrow$	<u>↓</u>						<u>↓</u>					$\checkmark$						
ule of	Û	$\rightarrow$	↓ ↓					↓ ↓					$\checkmark$							
fRec	Brighter	GS61	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
14	Û	GS62	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Red	GS63	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
G	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
iray (	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Scale	仓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$							
Gray Scale of G	Û	$\downarrow$	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$							
Green	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
n	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Green	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1	0	0	0	0	0	0
	Black	GS0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0
Gray Scale of Blue	仓	GS1	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0	0
	Darker	GS2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	0	0	0
	仓	$\checkmark$	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$							
	Û	$\downarrow$	$\checkmark$					$\checkmark$				$\checkmark$								
	Brighter	GS61	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	0	1	1	1	1
	Û	GS62	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1
	Blue	GS63	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	1	1	1	1	1

0 : Low level voltage, 1 : High level voltage

Each basic color can be displayed in 64 gray scales from 6 bit data signals. According to the combination of total 18 bit data signals, the 262,144-color display can be achieved on the screen.

....

.....

# 9. Optical Characteristics

						Ta=25	°C, Vcc=	=+3.3V	
Parame	eter	Symbol	Condition	Min.	Тур.	Max.	Unit	Remark	
Viewing angle	wing angle Horizontal		,θ22 CR>10		—	_	Deg.	[Note1,4]	
range	ange Vertical			10	—	_	Deg.		
		θ12		30	—	_	Deg.		
Contrast	ratio	C R n	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	150	—	_		[Note2,4]	
		CRO	Optimum	_	300	_			
			viewing angle						
Response time	Rise	τr	$\theta = 0^{\circ}$	—	15		ms	[Note3,4]	
	Decay	$ au  \mathrm{d}$		_	30		ms		
Chromaticity of	white	X		_	0.313	_		[Note4]	
		У		_	0.329	_			
Luminance	of white	Y L		120	150	_	$cd/m^2$	IL=6.0mArms	
[Note	4]							$F_L=52kHz$	
White Uni	formity	$\delta$ w		_	—	1.45		[Note5]	

% The measurement shall be executed 30 minutes after lighting at rating. (condition : I<sub>L</sub> =6.0mArms)

The optical characteristics shall be measured in a dark room or equivalent state with the method shown in Fig.2 below.

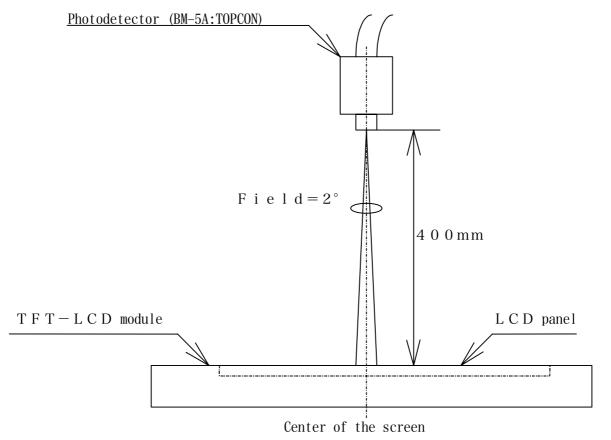
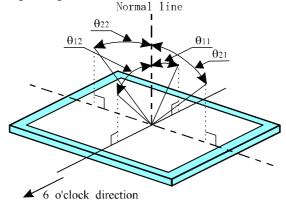


Fig.2 Optical characteristics measurement method

[Note1] Definitions of viewing angle range:



[Note2] Definition of contrast ratio:

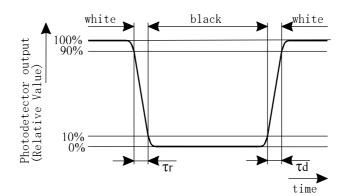
The contrast ratio is defined as the following.

Contrast Ratio (CR) =

Luminance (brightness) with all pixels white Luminance (brightness) with all pixels black

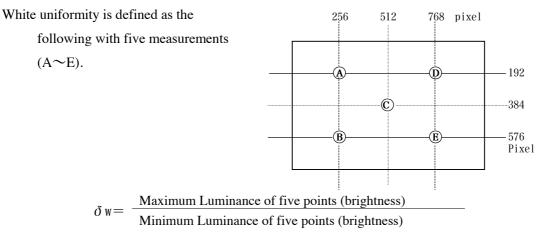
[Note3] Definition of response time:

The response time is defined as the following figure and shall be measured by switching the input signal for "black" and "white".



[Note4] This shall be measured at center of the screen.

[Note5] Definition of white uniformity:



#### 10. Display Quality

The display quality of the color TFT-LCD module shall be in compliance with the Incoming Inspection Standard.

#### 11. Handling Precautions

- a) Be sure to turn off the power supply when inserting or disconnecting the cable.
- b) Be sure to design the cabinet so that the module can be installed without any extra stress such as warp or twist.
- c) Since the front polarizer is easily damaged, pay attention not to scratch it.
- d) Wipe off water drop immediately. Long contact with water may cause discoloration or spots.
- e) When the panel surface is soiled, wipe it with absorbent cotton or other soft cloth.
- f) Since the panel is made of glass, it may break or crack if dropped or bumped on hard surface.Handle with care.
- g) Since CMOS LSI is used in this module, take care of static electricity and injure the human earth when handling.
- h) Observe all other precautionary requirements in handling components.
- i) This module has its circuitry PCBs on the rear side and should be handled carefully in order not to be stressed.
- j) When handling LCD modules and assembling them into cabinets, please be noted that long-term storage in the environment of oxidization or deoxidization gas and the use of such materials as reagent, solvent, adhesive, resin, etc. which generate these gasses, may cause corrosion and discoloration of the LCD modules.
- k) Laminated film is attached to the module surface to prevent it from being scratched . Peel the film off slowly just before the use with strict attention to electrostatic charges. Ionized air shall be blown over during the action. Blow off the 'dust' on the polarizer by using an ionized nitrogen gun, etc..
- l)Cold cathode fluorescent lamp in LCD panel contains a small amount of mercury, please follow local ordinances or regulations for disposal.

#### 12. Packing form

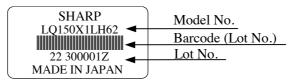
- a) Piling number of cartons : Max.5
- b) Package quantity in one carton : 10 pcs
- c) Carton size :  $438(W) \times 372(D) \times 307(H)$  mm
- d) Total mass of one carton filled with full modules : 7900g
- Packing form is shown in Fig.2

13. Reliability test items

No.	Test item	Conditions								
1	High temperature storage test	$Ta = 60^{\circ}C \qquad 240h$								
2	Low temperature storage test	$Ta = -25^{\circ}C \qquad 240h$								
3	High temperature	$Ta = 40^{\circ}C$ ; 95 % RH 240 h								
	& high humidity operation test	(No condensation)								
4	High temperature operation test	$Ta = 50^{\circ}C$ 240h								
		(The panel temp. must be less than $60^{\circ}$ C)								
5	Low temperature operation test	$Ta = 0^{\circ}C$ 240h								
6	Vibration test	Frequency : $10 \sim 57$ Hz/Vibration width (one side):0.075mm								
	(non- operating)	: 58 $\sim$ 500Hz/Gravity:9.8m/s <sup>2</sup>								
		Sweep time : 11 minutes								
		Test period : 3 hours								
		(1 hour for each direction of $X, Y, Z$ )								
7	Shock test	Max. gravity : 490 m/s <sup>2</sup>								
	(non- operating)	Pulse width : 11 ms, sine wave								
		Direction : $\pm X, \pm Y, \pm Z$								
		once for each direction.								

#### 14. Others

1) Lot No. Label:



2) Adjusting volume have been set optimally before shipment, so do not change any adjusted value.

If adjusted value is changed, the technical literature may not be satisfied.

- 3) Disassembling the module can cause permanent damage and should be strictly avoided.
- 4) Please be careful since image retention may occur when a fixed pattern is displayed for a long time.
- 5) If any problem occurs in relation to the description of this specification, it shall be resolved through discussion with spirit of cooperation.

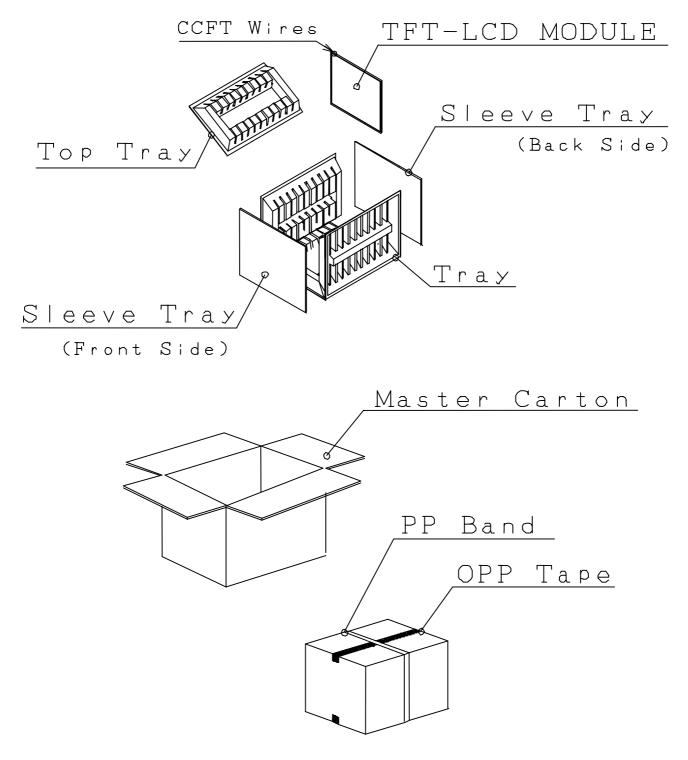
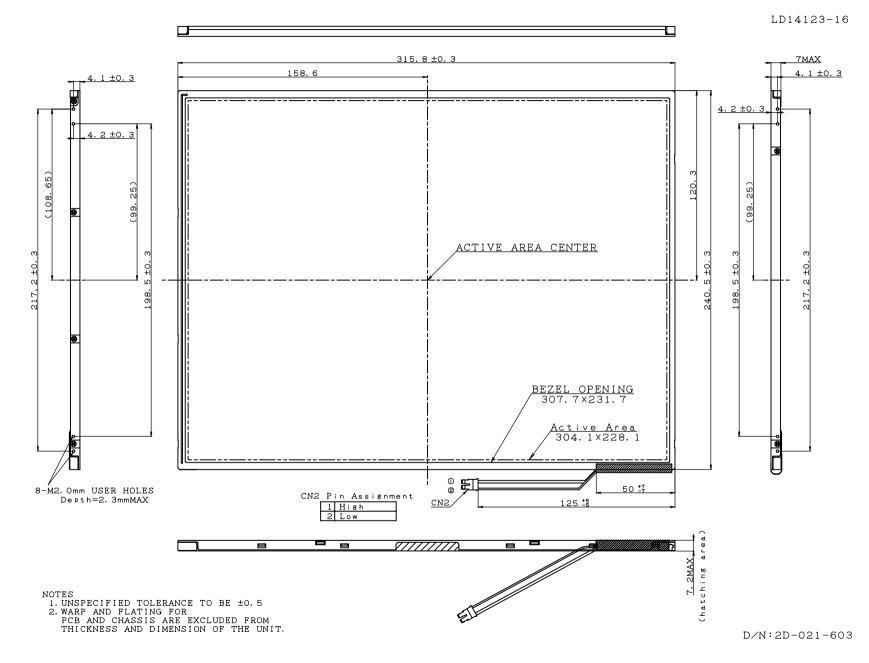
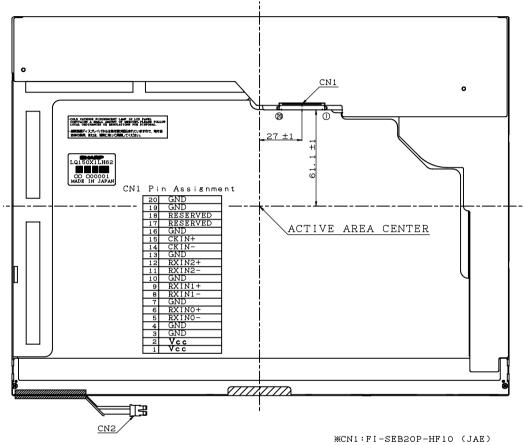


Fig.3 Packing Form



F;g. 1-1 LQ150X1LH62 OUTLINE DIMENSIONS



CN2:BHSR-02VS-1(JST)

D/N:2D-021-603

# F;g. 1-2 LQ150X1LH62 OUTLINE DIMENSIONS